# "Research-grade" Targeted Proteomics Assay Development: PRMs for PTM Studies with Skyline

or,

"How I learned to ditch the triple quad and love the QE"

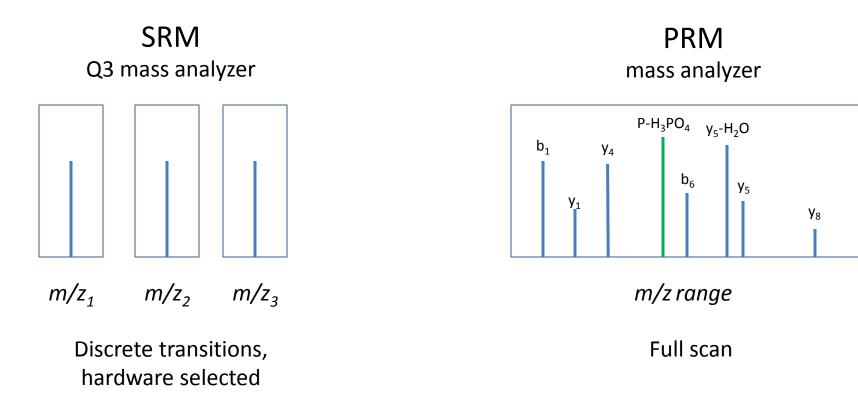
Jacob D. Jaffe Skyline Webinar July 2015

#### **Outline**

- Definitions
- When do PRM assays make sense?
- Considerations for PRM method development
- Live Demo

#### **Definition of PRM**

- PRM = MRM-HR = HR-MRM = Targeted Full Scan MS/MS
- Closest spiritual cousin is triple-quad based MRM/SRM, but:

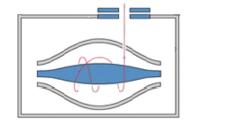


#### **Definition, continued**

- Assay is completely deterministic
- Precursor m/z (list) is specified
  - Possibly scheduled
  - Quadrupole or ion trap selection/isolation
- Fragmentation is performed
  - Any kind is OK
- Full MS/MS spectrum is recorded
  - Any analyzer: Orbitrap, TOF, scanning quad, ion trap, etc.
- Usually a full scan MS spectrum is also periodically recorded
  - Two chances to verify and quantify!

## Common configuration: high resolution mass analyzer

Orbitrap or TOF



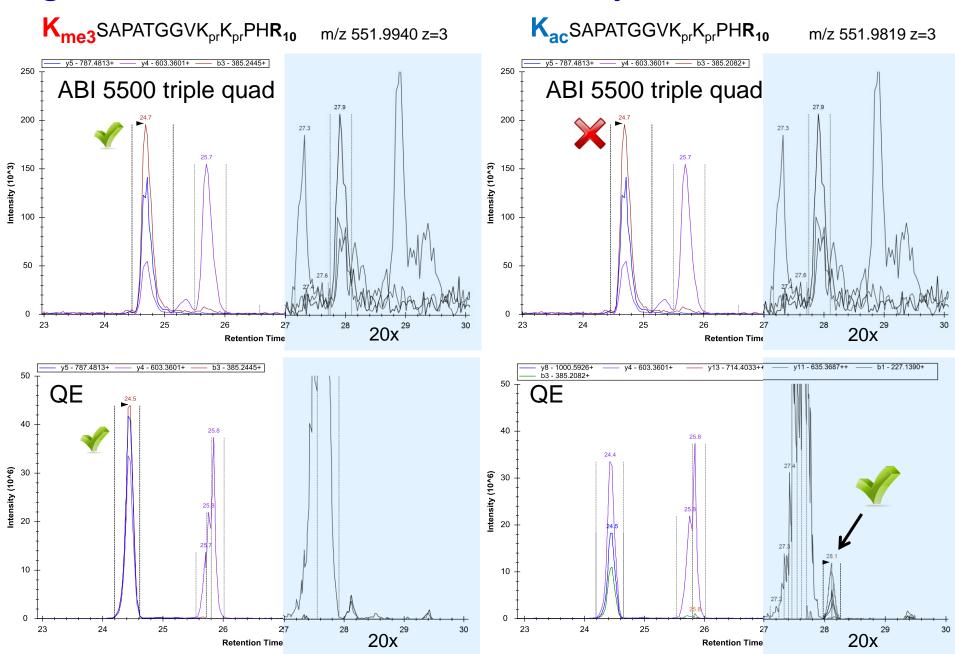


- Precursor cycle vs. Acquisition loop cycle
  - Precursor cycle: time it takes to loop through precursor list
    - May vary during method
    - Governs points across peak
  - Acquisition loop cycle: Time from full scan to full scan with intervening # of MS/MS
    - May affect instrument performance, full scan points across peak

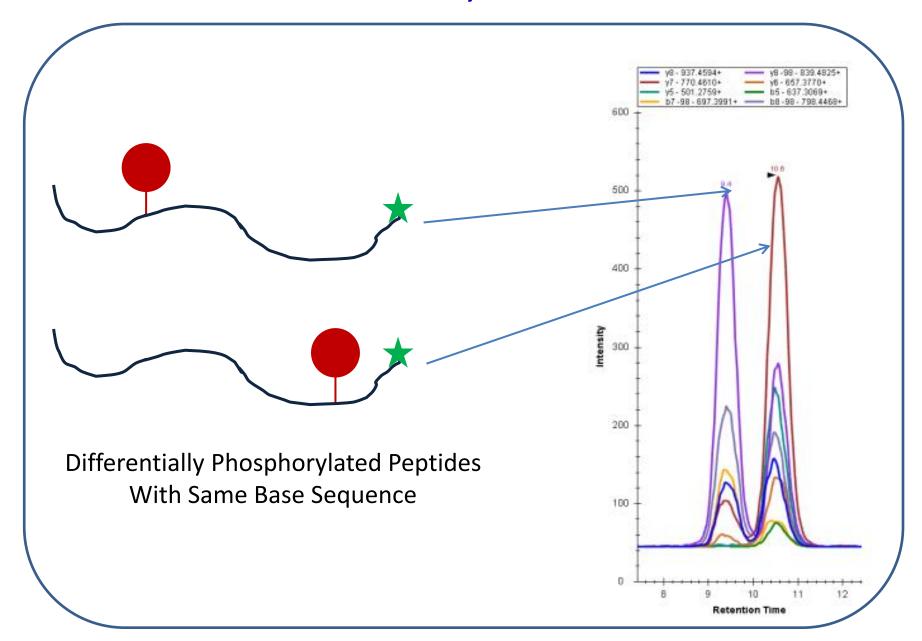
#### When do PRMs make sense?

- Exquisite selectivity required
  - Unit (quadrupole) vs. ppm (hi-res)
- Post-translational modification localization is required
  - GVDQ(pS)PLTPAGGK vs. GVDQSPL(pT)PAGGK
- Rapidly convert discovery data to targeted assay
  - Stay within platform
- You don't have a triple quad!
  - But still want the benefits of targeted proteomics

## High resolution adds value to selectivity



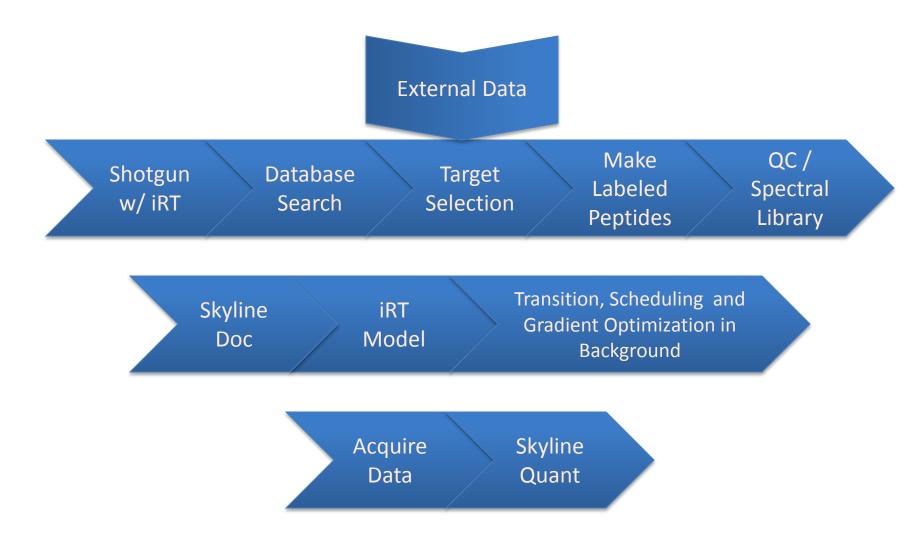
## PTM Localization – shared ions, differential ions



#### **Discovery Proteomics to PRM – Short version / Label Free**



#### **Discovery Proteomics to PRM – Long version**



#### Planning ahead for success

- Strongly consider including iRT peptides in every single sample you run in your lab
  - Diverse retention times, well spaced
  - High enough levels to trigger MS/MS
    - Or, include targeted scans
    - Or, determine RTs with precursor quant in Skyline
  - This can also be very beneficial for scheduling tight windows
- Use a search engine supported by Skyline spectral library import
- Set up your funky PTMs in advance in your document
- Learn about Skyline's secret PTM notation for import

#### **Document refinement**

- Keep a lot of transitions around initially
  - You can always get rid of them later
  - You can take them from the spectral libraries
  - In theory: the more transitions, the more signal-to-noise
    - Also in theory more sensitive than MRM, but generally not in practice
- Take advantage of the raw data spectrum viewer functionalities
  - Helpful for both MS and MS/MS inspection
- Use that high res!
  - Narrow your import m/z tolerances
  - Inspect the ppm errors

## The all important dotp

- dotp = dot product
  - Metric of observed transition relative intensities in comparison with spectral library example
- Better than a search engine score!
  - Expect > 0.9 under most circumstances
- Extremely useful in differentiating among similar analytes
- Spectral library quality important
  - Garbage in, garbage out

#### **Standardization Considerations**

- Label free
  - Requires high degree of system reproducibility
  - Hard to compare samples longitudinally
- Synthetic peptides
  - Highest degree of rigor
  - Highest cost in time, \$
  - More optimization required
- SILAC
  - Increases complexity, chance for interference
  - Standard is "prenormalized"
  - Consider growing up a vat of standard for longitudinal performance
- Chemical labels? (+ standards?)

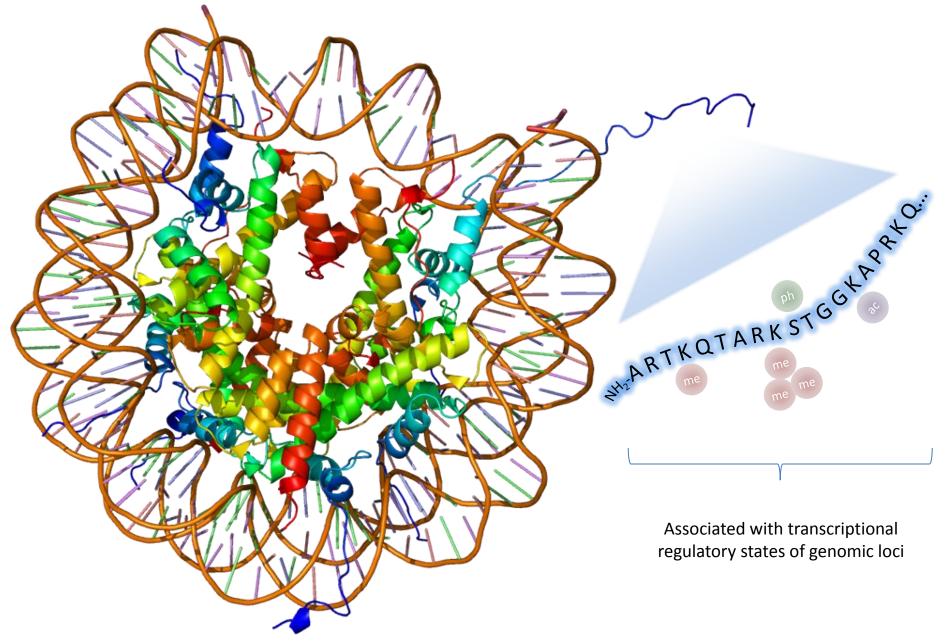
## **Data analysis considerations**

- Be patient, use all metrics at your disposal
- Consider time window import limits
  - But relies on RT or other indicators in spectral library / RT models
- Consider further minimizing your document when happy with data
  - Hi-res data, skyd files get big

## "Research Grade" PRM Concept

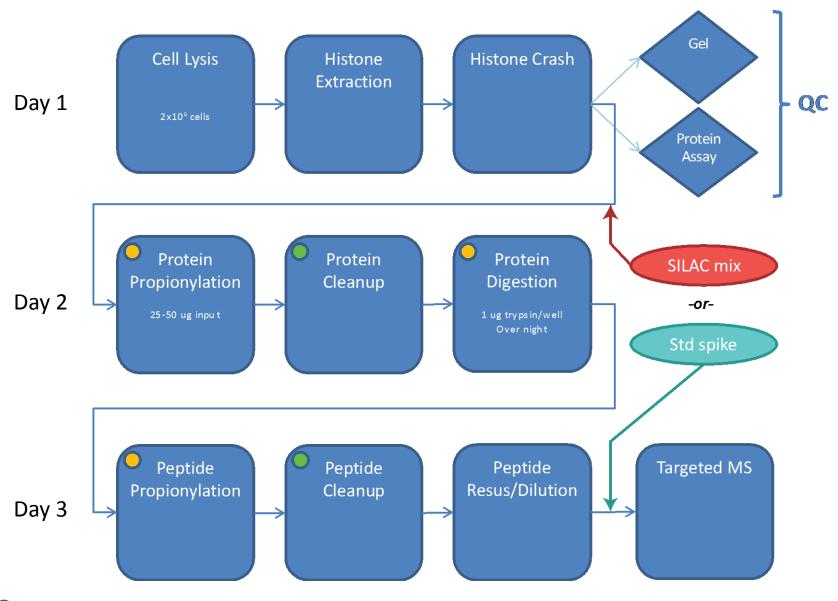
- A quantitative, targeted proteomics assay suitable for "everyday" use
- Ideally standardized with synthetic peptides (or SILAC)
- Rapid design cycle using discovery data/platform
- Enables longitudinal comparisons across days, months, years
- Output useful for rapidly guiding biology
- NOT:
  - Obsessed with LOD/LOQ
  - Suitable for clinical deployment

## Histones and their post-translational modifications



Source: PDB 1AOI, Luger et al. Nature (1997)

#### Sample preparation process and standardization



- Agilent Bravo LH fully automated
- 96-well SPE semi-automated